



**Moseley Chapman & Skemp Solicitors
Limited (Moseley Chapman & Skemp)
Unit 4, Trinity Place, Midland Drive, Sutton Coldfield
, B72 1TX
Licenced body
498117**

[Agreement Date: 16 May 2025](#)

Decision - Agreement

Outcome: Regulatory settlement agreement

Outcome date: 16 May 2025

Published date: 3 June 2025

Firm details

Firm or organisation at time of matters giving rise to outcome

Name: Moseley Chapman & Skemp Solicitors Limited

Address(es): Unit 4, Trinity Place, Midland Drive, Sutton Coldfield, B72 1TX

Firm ID: 498117

Outcome details

This outcome was reached by agreement.

Decision details

1. Agreed outcome

1.1 Moseley Chapman & Skemp Solicitors Limited (the Firm), a Licensed Body, authorised and regulated by the Solicitors Regulation Authority (SRA), agrees to the following outcome to the investigation:

- a. Moseley Chapman & Skemp Solicitors Limited will pay a financial penalty in the sum of £9,419, under Rule 3.1(b) of the SRA Regulatory and Disciplinary Procedure Rules;
- b. to the publication of this agreement, under Rule 9.2 of the SRA Regulatory and Disciplinary Procedure Rules; and
- c. Moseley Chapman & Skemp Solicitors Limited will pay the costs of the investigation of £600, under Rule 10.1 and Schedule 1 of the



SRA Regulatory and Disciplinary Procedure Rules.

2. Summary of Facts

2.1 We carried out an investigation into the firm following a desk-based review (DBR) by our AML Proactive Supervision team.

2.2 Our DBR and subsequent investigation identified areas of concern in relation to the firm's compliance with the Money Laundering, Terrorist Financing (Information on the Payer) Regulations 2017 (MLRs 2017), the SRA Principles 2011, the SRA Code of Conduct 2011, the SRA Principles 2019 and the SRA Code of Conduct for Firms 2019.

Firm-wide risk assessment

2.3 Between 26 June 2017 and May 2024, failed to have in place a documented assessment of the risks of money laundering and terrorist financing to which its business was subject (a firm-wide risk assessment (FWRA)), pursuant to Regulations 18(1) and 18(4) of the MLRs 2017.

2.4 Between May 2024 and October 2024, failed to have in place an appropriate FWRA that identified and assessed the risks of money laundering to which it was subject, taking into account all risk factors, pursuant to Regulation 18(2) of the MLRs 2017.

2.5 The firm is required to have a FWRA which includes details of the firm's assessment of risks in five key areas. The firm failed to have in place an appropriate FWRA prior to October 2024.

2.6 The firm has now provided a FWRA, which is compliant with Regulation 18 of the MLRs 2017.

3. Admissions

3.1 The firm admits, and the SRA accepts, that by failing to comply with the MLRs 2017: From 26 June 2017 to 24 November 2019 (when the SRA Handbook 2011 was in force), the firm has breached:

- a. Principle 6 of the SRA Principles 2011 – which states you must behave in a way that maintains the trust the public places in you and in the provision of legal services.
- b. Principle 8 of the SRA Principles 2011 – which states you must run your business or carry out your role in the business effectively and in accordance with proper governance and sound financial risk management principles.

And the firm has failed to achieve:

- c. Outcome 7.2 of the SRA Code of Conduct 2011 – which states you have effective systems and controls in place to achieve and comply



with all the Principles, rules and outcomes and other requirements of the Handbook, where applicable

- d. Outcome 7.5 of the SRA Code of Conduct 2011 – which states you comply with legislation applicable to your business, including anti-money laundering and data protection legislation. And from 25 November 2019 (when the SRA Standards and Regulations came into force) until October 2024, the firm has breached:
- e. Principle 2 of the SRA Principles 2019 – which states you act in a way that upholds public trust and confidence in the solicitors' profession and in legal services provided by authorised persons.
- f. Paragraph 2.1(a) of the SRA Code of Conduct for Firms – which states you have effective governance structures, arrangements, systems and controls in place that ensure you comply with all the SRA's regulatory arrangements, as well as with other regulatory and legislative requirements, which apply to you.
- g. Paragraph 3.1 of the SRA Code of Conduct for Firms 2019 – which states that you keep up to date with and follow the law and regulation governing the way you work.

4. Why a fine is an appropriate outcome

4.1 The SRA's Enforcement Strategy sets out its approach to the use of its enforcement powers where there has been a failure to meet its standards or requirements.

4.2 When considering the appropriate sanctions and controls in this matter, the SRA has taken into account the admissions made by the firm and the following mitigation:

- a. Remedying harm – the firm took steps to put in place a compliant FWRA.
- b. Cooperating with the investigation – the firm has cooperated with the SRA's AML Proactive Supervision and AML Investigations teams.

4.3 The SRA considers that a fine is the appropriate outcome because:

- a. The conduct showed a disregard towards statutory and regulatory obligations and had the potential to cause harm, by facilitating dubious transactions that could have led to money laundering (and/or terrorist financing). This could have been avoided had the firm established adequate AML documentation and controls.
- b. It was incumbent on the firm to meet the requirements set out in the MLRs 2017. The firm failed to do so. The public would expect a firm of solicitors to comply with its legal and regulatory obligations, to protect against these risks as a bare minimum.
- c. The agreed outcome is a proportionate outcome in the public interest because it creates a credible deterrent to others and the issuing of such a sanction signifies the risk to the public, and the



legal sector, that arises when solicitors do not comply with anti-money laundering legislation and their professional regulatory rules.

4.4 Rule 4.1 of the Regulatory and Disciplinary Procedure Rules states that a financial penalty may be appropriate to maintain professional standards and uphold public confidence in the solicitors' profession and in legal services provided by authorised persons. There is nothing within this Agreement which conflicts with Rule 4.1 of the Regulatory and Disciplinary Rules and on that basis, a financial penalty is appropriate.

5. Amount of the fine

5.1 The amount of the fine has been calculated in line with the SRA's published guidance on its approach to setting an appropriate financial penalty (the Guidance).

5.2 Having regard to the Guidance, the SRA and the firm agree that the nature of the misconduct was more serious (score of three). This is because we consider that the firm's conduct continued after it was known to be improper. There has been a requirement to have a compliant FWRA in place since the MLRs 2017 came into force on 26 June 2017, despite this, the firm did not put one in place for seven years.

5.3 The impact of the harm or risk of harm is assessed as being low (score of two). This is because failing to ensure it had a FWRA in place left the firm vulnerable to the risks of money laundering, particularly when providing in-scope work such as conveyancing, which forms around half of the work the firm historically and currently carries out. Therefore, the firm left itself without effective arrangements in place to manage compliance with the MLRs 2017.

5.4 The score reflects that, although there is no evidence of actual harm having occurred, it had the potential to cause loss or have impact.

5.5 The nature and impact scores add up to five and this places the penalty in Band 'B', as directed by the Guidance, which indicates a broad penalty bracket of between 0.4% and 1.2% of the firm's annual domestic turnover.

5.6 We recommend a basic penalty at the upper end of the bracket. This is because the firm should have been aware of its obligation to have a FWRA in place since the MLRs 2017 came into force on 26 June 2017, but it did not put one in place for seven years. This had the potential to cause loss or have impact, however, no evidence of actual harm was identified.

5.7 Based on the evidence the firm has provided of its annual domestic turnover, this results in a basic penalty of £11,774.

5.8 The SRA considers that the basic penalty should be reduced to £9,419. This reduction reflects the mitigation at paragraph 4.2 above.

5.9 The firm does not appear to have made any financial gain or received any other benefit as a result of its conduct. Therefore, no adjustment is necessary to remove this and the amount of the financial penalty is £9,419.

6. Publication

6.1 Rule 9.2 of the SRA Regulatory and Disciplinary Procedure Rules states that any decision under Rule 3.1 or 3.2, including a Financial Penalty, shall be published unless the particular circumstances outweigh the public interest in publication.

6.2 The SRA considers it appropriate that this agreement is published as there are no circumstances that outweigh the public interest in publication and it is in the interest of transparency in the regulatory and disciplinary process.

7. Acting in a way which is inconsistent with this agreement

7.1 The firm agrees that it will not deny the admissions made in this agreement or act in any way which is inconsistent with it.

7.2 If the firm denies the admissions, or acts in a way which is inconsistent with this agreement, the conduct which is subject to this agreement may be considered further by the SRA. That may result in a disciplinary outcome based on the original facts and allegations.

7.3 Acting in a way which is inconsistent with this agreement may also constitute a separate breach of Principles 1, 2 and 5 of the SRA Principles and paragraph 3.2 of the Code of Conduct for Firms.

8. Costs

8.1 Moseley Chapman & Skemp Solicitors Limited agrees to pay the costs of the SRA's investigation in the sum of £600. Such costs are due within 28 days of a statement of costs due being issued by the SRA.

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